INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer two questions.
  - You must answer your two questions from different Sections.
    - Section A – Religion and Human Relationships
    - Section B – Religion and Medical Ethics
    - Section C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth
  - You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 51.
- You will be assessed on the quality of written communication in your answer to the following: parts d and e of all questions. Questions marked with a pencil (✍️) will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar. Where there is more than 1 question assessing spelling, punctuation and grammar the highest mark will count.
- This document consists of 8 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

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SECTION A – Religion and Human Relationships

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Buddhists. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Buddhists believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Buddhist attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

2 Christianity

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Christians. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Christians believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Christian attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

3 Hinduism

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Hindus. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Hindus believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Hindu attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]
4 Islam

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Muslims. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Muslims believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Muslim attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

5 Judaism

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Jews. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Jews believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Jewish attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

6 Sikhism

(a) Give one example of contraception which might be acceptable to Sikhs. [1]

(b) State two reasons which a couple might give for seeking a divorce. [2]

(c) Describe what some Sikhs believe about sex before marriage. [3]

(d) Explain Sikh attitudes towards re-marriage. [6]

(e) ‘Marriage is outdated.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]
SECTION B – Religion and Medical Ethics

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Buddhists might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Buddhists might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Buddhists have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

8 Christianity

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Christians might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Christians might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Christians have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

9 Hinduism

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Hindus might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Hindus might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Hindus have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]
10 Islam

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Muslims might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Muslims might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Muslims have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

11 Judaism

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Jews might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Jews might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Jews have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

12 Sikhism

(a) Give the word which means ‘making an exact copy of a living creature’. [1]

(b) State two views which Sikhs might hold about the use of animals in medical research. [2]

(c) Describe one attitude which Sikhs might have towards euthanasia. [3]

(d) Explain why Sikhs have different attitudes towards suicide. [6]

(e) ‘It is always wrong to take a human life.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]
SECTION C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

13 Buddhism
(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]
(b) State two reasons why Buddhists might give money to a charity. [2]
(c) What might Buddhists believe causes disease? [3]
(d) Explain Buddhist views about wealth. [6]
(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

14 Christianity
(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]
(b) State two reasons why Christians might give money to a charity. [2]
(c) What might Christians believe causes disease? [3]
(d) Explain Christian views about wealth. [6]
(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

15 Hinduism
(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]
(b) State two reasons why Hindus might give money to a charity. [2]
(c) What might Hindus believe causes disease? [3]
(d) Explain Hindu views about wealth. [6]
(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]
16 Islam

(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]

(b) State two reasons why Muslims might give money to a charity. [2]

(c) What might Muslims believe causes disease? [3]

(d) Explain Muslim views about wealth. [6]

(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

17 Judaism

(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]

(b) State two reasons why Jews might give money to a charity. [2]

(c) What might Jews believe causes disease? [3]

(d) Explain Jewish views about wealth. [6]

(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

18 Sikhism

(a) What is meant by the term ‘a moral occupation’? [1]

(b) State two reasons why Sikhs might give money to a charity. [2]

(c) What might Sikhs believe causes disease? [3]

(d) Explain Sikh views about wealth. [6]

(e) ‘Giving to the poor is a waste.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER
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